LRB-3100/1 CMH:kjf:rs

## 2009 BILL

AN ACT to amend 111.70 (4) (cm) 5., 111.70 (4) (cm) 7., 111.70 (4) (cm) 7g. and
111.70 (4) (cm) 7r. (intro.) of the statutes; relating to: factors considered in
binding interest arbitration under the Municipal Employment Relations Act.

## Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under the Municipal Employment Relations Act, in local government employment other than law enforcement and fire fighting, if a dispute relating to the terms of a proposed collective bargaining agreement has not been settled after a reasonable period of negotiation and after mediation by the Wisconsin Employment Relations Commission (WERC), either party, or the parties jointly, may petition WERC to initiate compulsory, final, and binding arbitration with respect to any dispute relating to wages, hours, and conditions of employment. An arbitrator's decision is then incorporated into the collective bargaining agreement. In reaching a decision, the arbitrator must give weight to factors. Unless the decision involves a collective bargaining unit consisting of school district employees, the arbitrator must give the greatest weight to any state law or directive that places expenditure or revenue limitations on an employer and must give greater weight to economic conditions in the jurisdiction of the employer than to other factors. For decisions involving a collective bargaining unit consisting of any municipal employees the arbitrator has to give weight to various factors including the authority of the municipal employer; the interests and welfare of the public and the ability of the unit of government to meet the costs of the proposed agreement; comparison of wages, hours, and conditions of employment with those of other employees; and the cost of BILL

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living. This bill eliminates this distinction between school district employees and other municipal employees, so that, for a decision involving a collective bargaining unit consisting of school district employees as well as for a collective bargaining unit consisting of other municipal employees, the arbitrator must give the greatest weight to the factors given the greatest weight under current law to all municipal employees except school district employees and must give greater weight to the factors given greater weight under current law to all municipal employees except school district employees.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

## The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 5. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act 28, is amended to read:

other impasse resolution procedures provided in this paragraph, a municipal employer and labor organization may at any time, as a permissive subject of bargaining, agree in writing to a dispute settlement procedure, including authorization for a strike by municipal employees or binding interest arbitration, which is acceptable to the parties for resolving an impasse over terms of any collective bargaining agreement under this subchapter. A copy of such agreement shall be filed by the parties with the commission. If the parties agree to any form of binding interest arbitration, the arbitrator shall give weight to the factors enumerated under subds. 7. and, 7g. for a collective bargaining unit consisting of municipal employees who are not school district employees and under subds, and 7r. for a collective bargaining unit consisting of municipal employees.

**SECTION 2.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 7. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act 28, is amended to read:

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111.70 (4) (cm) 7. 'Factor given greatest weight.' In making any decision under
the arbitration procedures authorized by this paragraph, except for any decision
involving a collective bargaining unit consisting of school district employees, the
arbitrator or arbitration panel shall consider and shall give the greatest weight to
any state law or directive lawfully issued by a state legislative or administrative
officer, body or agency which places limitations on expenditures that may be made
or revenues that may be collected by a municipal employer. The arbitrator or
arbitration panel shall give an accounting of the consideration of this factor in the
arbitrator's or panel's decision.

**SECTION 3.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 7g. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act 28, is amended to read:

111.70 (4) (cm) 7g. 'Factor given greater weight.' In making any decision under the arbitration procedures authorized by this paragraph, except for any decision involving a collective bargaining unit consisting of school district employees, the arbitrator or arbitration panel shall consider and shall give greater weight to economic conditions in the jurisdiction of the municipal employer than to any of the factors specified in subd. 7r.

**SECTION 4.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 7r. (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act 28, is amended to read:

111.70 **(4)** (cm) 7r. (intro.) 'Other factors considered.' In making any decision under the arbitration procedures authorized by this paragraph, the arbitrator or arbitration panel shall give weight <u>also</u> to the following factors:

## SECTION 5. Initial applicability.

(1) This act first applies to petitions for arbitration that relate to collective bargaining agreements that cover periods beginning on or after July 1, 2009, and

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- that are filed under section 111.70 (4) (cm) 6. of the statutes on the effective date of
- 2 this subsection.

3 (END)